

The Goodland "Republican."

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NO. 11.

WERE LED BY A DESERTER.

David Fagin Is Now a Commander of the Filipino Forces.

Formerly a Member of the Twenty-Fourth Infantry—Several Severe Repugnances Between American Soldiers and Negro—Capt. Beigler Remains Tagala.

Manila, Oct. 30.—A civilian launch towing a barge loaded with merchandise near Arayat was attacked by a force of 150 insurgents under David Fagin, a deserter from the Twenty-fourth infantry. The American troops on hearing the firing turned out in force before the boat could be looted and captured. Fagin, who holds the rank of general among the insurgents, has sworn special enmity toward his former company. Of the 50 men he captured a month ago seven have returned. One was killed in a fight, his body being horribly mutilated. Fagin sends messages to his former comrades threatening them with violence if they become his prisoners. It was Fagin's men who captured Lieut. Frederick W. Alstetter, who is a prisoner.

While scouting near Loea a detachment of the Twentieth and Twenty-eighth regiments, under Capt. Beigler, were attacked by 400 insurgents armed with rifles, under the command of a white man, whose nationality is not known to the Americans. The insurgents for the most part were treacherous. After a heroic fight Capt. Beigler drove off his enemy, killing more than 75. The fight lasted for two hours. Capt. Beigler and three privates were slightly wounded and two of the Americans were killed.

An engagement took place October 24 between detachments of the Third cavalry and the Thirty-third volunteer infantry, numbering 60, and a force of insurgents including 400 riflemen and 1,000 bolomen. The fighting was desperate. Finally, under pressure of overwhelming numbers, the Americans were compelled to retire on Narvican. Lieut. George L. Febiger and four privates were killed, nine were wounded and four are missing. Twenty-nine horses are missing. A number of teamsters were captured by the insurgents, but were subsequently released. The enemy's loss is estimated at 150.

A Filipino Fleet Commanded.

Manila, Oct. 29.—The rebel captain, Novicio, has been tried by a military commission at Belar, northern Luzon, charged with burying alive a seaman named McDonald, of Lieut. Gilmore's Yorktown party. Novicio was found guilty and sentenced to death. The commission's decision is now in the hands of Gen. MacArthur for approval.

EXPLOSION IN A MINE.

Three Men Lose Their Lives and Six Others Were Badly Burned—The Air Course Unavoidably Diverted.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 31.—A heavy explosion of gas occurred in slope No. 3 of No. 1 shaft of the Kingston Coal company, at Edwinstown, at three o'clock yesterday afternoon, in which three men lost their lives and six others were badly burned. Five of the six injured are in a precarious condition and it is doubtful if they can survive. When these men were brought to the surface by the rescuers the skin hung in shreds from their bodies.

The force of the explosion was so great that it blew down a great section of the roof. It was thought at first that there were a number of men back of the fall, but last night the mine officials were of the opinion that all the men had been taken out. The relatives of the two men report, however, that they are still missing. The accident was due to an employee who diverted the air course unwittingly and allowed the gas to accumulate in the place where the men were at work.

QUAKE KILLS FIFTEEN.

Caracas, Venezuela. Experiences an Unpleasant Visitation—The United States Legation Damaged by the Shock.

Caracas, Venezuela, Oct. 31.—At 4:46 a. m. yesterday Caracas was visited by a severe earthquake. Fifteen persons were killed and many others injured. Great damage was done to buildings, including the Pantheon and the churches. The United States legation was badly damaged, but all the occupants escaped unhurt. President Castro, who leaped from a balcony on the second floor of the government house, had one of his legs broken.

"This Distressing Campaign."

Princeton, N. J., Oct. 27.—In an interview as to his political views ex-President Cleveland said: "It seems to me that my situation ought to be sufficiently understood and appreciated by thoughtful friends to justify in their minds my determination to remain silent during this exceptional and distressing campaign."

Cyclone Near Wichita, Kan.

Wichita, Kan., Oct. 30.—Sunday night a cyclone struck some farm buildings in Gypsum township, ten miles from Wichita. John S. Moor was killed and his brother seriously injured.

NOVEMBER TWENTY-NINE.

President McKinley Designates a Day for National Thanksgiving and Praises Causes for Gratitude Recounted.

Washington, Oct. 30.—The state department Monday issued the following:

It has pleased Almighty God to bring our nation in safety and honor through another year. The works of religion and charity have everywhere been manifest. Our country through all its extent has been blessed with abundant harvests. Labor and the great industries of the people have prospered beyond all precedent and counterforce has spread over the world. Our power and influence in the cause of freedom and enlightenment have extended over distant seas and lands. The lives of our official representatives and many of our people in China have been marvellously preserved. We have been generally exempt from pestilence and other great calamities and even the tragic visitation which overwhelmed the city of Galveston made evident the sentiments of sympathy and Christian charity of which we are one united people.

Now therefore, I, William McKinley, president of the United States, appoint and set apart Thursday, the 29th day of November next, to be observed by all the people of the United States, at home or abroad, as a day of thanksgiving and praise to Him who holds the nations in the hollow of His hand. I recommend that they gather in their several places of worship and devoutly give Him thanks for the prosperity wherewith He is has endowed us, for seedtime and for harvest, for the valor, devotion and humanity of our armies and navies and for all His benefits to us as individuals and as a nation; and that they humbly pray for the continuance of His divine favor, for concord and amity with other nations, and for righteousness and peace in all our ways.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the City of Washington, this 28th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-fifth.

By the president: William McKinley.

John Hay, Secretary of State.

DISGRACE HURT HIM.

Prominent Chinese Official Commits Suicide by Swallowing Gold Leaf—Another Ringleader Dead.

Washington, Oct. 27.—Minister Wu has received word that Yu-Hsien, the late governor of Shanai, who is said to have been responsible for the death of many missionaries, has committed suicide by swallowing gold leaf. Minister Wu regards this act as the result of the disfavor which the high officials have received from the throne. The death of Kang-Yi, as announced from Peking, is an important event, as he was one of the ring-leaders whose punishment was demanded by the powers.

Negotiations Opened.

London, Oct. 30.—The Chinese plenipotentiaries opened negotiations, said the Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Express, "by proposing that China should pay an indemnity of £40,000,000 sterling in 60 installments, agreeing that the customs service should be under foreign control until the obligations should be discharged. They also agreed that Prince Tuan should be imprisoned for life."

Li Hung Chang's Deplendency.

London, Oct. 31.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Times, wiring yesterday, says: "Li Hung Chang has wired to Chang Chih Tung, the Wu Chang viceroys, that the peace negotiations are satisfactory, but to other leading officials he has telegraphed exactly the reverse, bidding them prepare for eventualities."

RIGHT TO VOTE DENIED.

New York Supreme Court Renders an Important Decision Regarding the Citizenship of Porto Ricans in This Country.

New York, Oct. 31.—The application of Frank Juarbe, a Porto Rican, for a writ of mandamus to compel the board of inspectors to register him as a voter, was denied by Justice Freeman in the supreme court. The claim was made that Juarbe became a citizen of the United States when sovereignty over Porto Rico was ceded to the United States by Spain. Juarbe has lived in this state more than a year and in the county the required time to entitle him to register. Corporation Counsel Whelan opposed the writ on the ground that by the treaty the political and civil status of the Porto Ricans was left to be decided by congress and that congress has not yet decided. Justice Freeman denied the writ on the ground taken by the corporation counsel.

Rich Strike at Bartlesville, L. T.

Coffeyville, Kan., Oct. 31.—The Oage Oil company has just struck gas in abundant quantities at Bartlesville, 30 miles southwest of here in the Indian territory. The volume is estimated at 3,000,000 cubic feet per day. They were drilling for oil and struck gas unexpectedly at a depth of 1,300 feet. The town now has enough gas for heating and lighting and will be piped at once.

Cost of the Army Last Year.

Washington, Oct. 28.—Paymaster General Bates reports to the secretary of war that during the year ended June 30, 1900, he has paid to the army, regular and volunteers, \$24,650,000, and on the emergency fund "to fill the gaps" \$1,045,000. Several minor recommendations concerning the pay of the army are contained in his report.

OUT FOR BRYAN.

McKinley's Policy Displeases Judge L. K. Alder, a Prominent Republican of Lincoln, Neb.

Lincoln, Neb., Oct. 27.—A sensation was created in political circles in Nebraska to-day when Judge L. K. Alder's letter denouncing McKinley's policy in the Philippines and Porto Rico was made public.

Judge Alder is a distinguished jurist, prominent in Grand Army circles and has been a loyal and consistent republican. His action will have a great influence and will increase Bryan's majority in Nebraska.

He contends that the president has no authority to govern the people in Porto Rico or the Philippines, except in accordance with the constitution; contends that taxation without representation, government without the consent of the governed is as odious now as it was to our forefathers.

Judge Alder concludes thus: "I stand with Wellington, Edmonds, Reed, Schurz, Davis and a host of other republican statesmen whose integrity and loyal patriotism cannot be justly questioned; whose spirit of justice, liberty and humanity accord with that of Washington, Blaine and the immortal Lincoln, whose example and advice we had better follow than be led by politicians who are not statesmen and commercialists who are not patriots."

REPORTER IN THE PULPIT.

Milwaukee Minister Exchanges Places With Newspaper Man. Who Tells of the Relation of Pulpit and Press.

Milwaukee, Wis., Oct. 28.—George F. Grassie, a reporter on the staff of one of the Milwaukee daily newspapers, occupied the pulpit of Plymouth Congregational church in which he discussed "The Ethical Side of the Newspaper Business, or the Philosophy of the Press."

Mr. Grassie's sermon was in reply to one delivered by the pastor of the church, the Rev. Judson Tittsworth. The preacher thought the newspaper was influenced by too much commercial spirit and thought the time was coming when the editor would be guided by a more altruistic spirit.

Mr. Grassie started out by quoting several passages from the bible, coupling with them the words: "Know thyself."

"In learning to know himself, man must learn to know everything which in any way influences his life," the speaker contended, "and it was within the province of the newspaper to teach a man to know himself by printing the news." In brief, Mr. Grassie said:

"It is the duty of the newspaper to help the average citizen to know himself, to interest him in what is going on about him, to give him just enough goodness and just enough badness, just enough religion, and just enough atheism, just enough spirituality and just enough pugilism to keep him interested, and to thus make him know himself, and incidentally to sell the paper."

WILL DEATH BE THE PENALTY?

Mark Hanna Declares It Treason to Criticize the Actions of the President. Treason is Punishable With Death.

In his speech at Lincoln, Neb., Mark Hanna said:

"Any man who charges President McKinley with personal ambition in his course toward the Philippine islands I almost charge is a traitor to his country, because the president of the United States has sworn a sacred oath to perform his duty under the constitution of the United States."

We have been told that it is treason to condemn the imperialistic policy of the administration and now Hanna goes a step further and "almost" charges that any man who believes that President McKinley is actuated by personal ambition is a traitor. "The king can do no wrong," "The king is the Lord's anointed and his viceroy on earth." This is the doctrine of despotism which for centuries was proclaimed in every land where the people had no voice in the government, but it has never before been asserted in this free country.

We may next be told that it is treason to charge President McKinley with inconsistency in his position on territorial expansion, to allude to the fact that he denounced it in his inaugural address and a year later gave it his endorsement, to say that he declared last December that it was "our plain duty" to give the people of Porto Rico full rights of citizenship under the constitution and the very next month advocated the imposition upon them of a double-barreled tariff.

If it be treason to charge the president with personal ambition it must be a crime quite as heinous to doubt the quality of his back bone. We must be very careful how we speak or even think of our immaculate and infallible president.

For frankness, valor, telegraph, a big achievement at the Winona.

A LARGE GAIN SHOWN.

Census Bureau Says Population of the United States Is 76,295,220.

This Is an Increase of 12,225,484, or 21 Per Cent., Over 1890—Total of 124,125 Indians Not Taxed—Population by States.

Washington, Oct. 31.—The official announcement of the total population of the United States for 1900 is 76,295,220, of which 74,877,907 are contained in the 45 states representing approximately the population to be used for apportionment purposes. There is a total of 124,125 Indians not taxed.

The total population in 1890, with which the aggregate population of the present census should be compared, was 63,069,736. Taking the 1890 population as a basis, there has been a gain in population of 13,225,484 during the past ten years, representing an increase of nearly 21 per cent.

Following is the official announcement of the population in 1900 by states. In the first column represents the census for 1900 and the second for 1890:

Alabama	1,828,097	1,513,017
Arkansas	1,211,554	1,124,179
California	1,365,952	1,286,130
Colorado	329,790	412,189
Connecticut	908,355	745,233
Delaware	154,735	128,403
Florida	528,543	321,422
Georgia	1,216,322	1,037,533
Idaho	161,771	84,335
Illinois	1,821,553	1,524,561
Indiana	1,516,453	1,192,494
Iowa	1,231,920	1,011,909
Kansas	1,469,496	1,427,056
Kentucky	1,167,174	1,059,235
Louisiana	1,181,227	1,118,227
Maine	584,355	601,586
Maryland	1,139,946	1,042,200
Massachusetts	1,805,348	1,528,432
Michigan	1,419,732	1,083,593
Minnesota	1,281,366	1,201,253
Mississippi	1,551,972	1,289,600
Missouri	1,107,117	1,079,184
Montana	248,269	122,159
Nebraska	1,068,901	1,064,913
Nevada	42,324	45,761
New Hampshire	411,598	376,530
New Jersey	1,855,092	1,444,593
New York	1,958,059	1,957,653
North Carolina	1,391,392	1,017,947
North Dakota	319,640	132,719
Ohio	1,167,545	1,072,115
Oklahoma	224,718	226,235
Oregon	419,545	325,814
Pennsylvania	2,601,365	2,252,814
Rhode Island	428,656	345,506
South Carolina	1,140,132	1,151,149
South Dakota	283,545	121,159
Tennessee	1,222,723	1,077,518
Texas	1,048,926	1,235,633
Utah	256,867	207,906
Vermont	252,435	252,435
Virginia	1,354,194	1,055,580
Washington	517,672	349,200
West Virginia	263,300	172,794
Wisconsin	1,958,901	1,686,506
Wyoming	92,521	60,706
Alaska (estimate)	44,900	32,023
Arizona	122,512	59,200
State of Colorado	259,718	121,159
Hawaii	154,001	89,300
Indian territory	291,560	186,182
New Mexico	194,777	152,300
Totals	76,295,220	63,069,736

Persons in the service of the United States stationed abroad (estimated) 54,600. Indians not taxed—California, 1,547; Colorado, 297; Idaho, 2,257; Minnesota, 1,769; Montana, 10,746; Nevada, 1,089; New York, 4,111; North Dakota, 4,082; South Dakota, 10,822; Utah, 1,472; Washington, 2,831; Wisconsin, 1,601; Arizona, 24,644; Indian territory, 54,023; New Mexico, 2,987; Oklahoma, 5,927.

MINERS RESUMING WORK.

A Majority of the Collieries Start Up in the Anthracite District—Some Crippled for Want of Water.

Hazleton, Pa., Oct. 30.—Operations were resumed yesterday morning at a majority of the collieries in the anthracite district and they will be continued in full blast for the next two months. The strike is still on at the mines of the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Coal company, but matters were shaping themselves last night for a settlement of the difficulty and work will be resumed on a satisfactory basis some time during the week. The trouble at Cranberry will also be settled and the men will be back at work by Wednesday. A number of collieries were crippled yesterday on account of a shortage of water caused by the prevailing drought.

Must Go to School in Havana.

Havana, Oct. 28.—Mayor Rodriguez has issued an order to the police directing them to take into custody children under 12 years of age found in the streets unaccompanied during school hours. It is the intention of the authorities to enforce the school law strictly.

Ferrell Convicted of Murder.

Marysville, O., Oct. 31.—The jury at midnight returned a verdict of murder in the first degree, without recommendation, against Rosalya Ferrell for the murder, on the night of August 10 last, of Charles Lane, an express messenger on a Panhandle east-bound train.

Will Not Release American Prisoners.

London, Oct. 31.—The report that Lord Salisbury has notified the United States ambassador, Joseph T. Choate, that the British authorities will release all the American prisoners in Ceylon, South Africa and St. Helena, is incorrect.

Swains Left a Fortune of \$1,000,000.

Mansfield, O., Oct. 27.—The will of the late Swains Sherman is to be filed for probate here. The estate is understood, will aggregate about \$1,000,000. There are a large number of bequests to relatives.

MAD RIOT IN LONDON.

Two Persons Killed and Hundreds Maimed During the Wild Greeting to the City Imperial Volunteers.

London, Oct. 31.—Ten persons killed outright, 200 maimed and crushed, and many so badly that they will die, and countless hundreds bruised, beaten, and with clothes torn to rags, are the result of the wildest, maddest day London ever has seen. It is not a story of a battle with a foe attempting to capture the British capital, but only an incident in the English people's welcome to their returning heroes—the members of the City Imperial Volunteers. The list of casualties among the welcoming multitude was longer than that of the whole corps in its 26 engagements in South Africa.

KILLED THE PAY CLERK.

Four Italians Went to Rob a Mining Company's Cash Box, But They Came to Sudden Griet.

Mount Pleasant, Pa., Oct. 31.—Four Italian miners attempted to rob Pay Clerk William Hosler, of the Southwest Connellsville Coke company, while making his trip yesterday in a wagon between this city and Alverton and the pay roll of the Alverton and Tarr works, amounting to \$4,000. Mr. Hosler was shot dead, his companion, Harry Burgess, messenger of the company, was wounded; two of the Italians are dead; a third fatally wounded, and the fourth in jail.

WAY OF THE TRANSGRESSOR.

Cornelius Alvord, Who Stole \$700,000 from the Bank Where He Was Employed, Arrested in Boston.

Boston, Oct. 30.—Cornelius L. Alvord, Jr., the absconding note teller of the First National bank in New York city, who is charged with stealing \$700,000 from the bank, was arrested here yesterday afternoon by Chief Inspector William B. Watts, of this city, and Detective Armstrong, of New York, in an ordinary lodging house at the corner of West Newton street and Burlington avenue. When arrested Alvord, who knew Detective Armstrong, stated that he was glad the suspense was ended and was willing to go back to New York without papers.

AMATEUR HOSTLERS.

Young Business Men of Middletown, N. Y., Care for a Shipment of Army Horses to San Francisco.

San Francisco, Oct. 31.—The recruits at the presidio have been organized into a battalion of three companies and will be sent to Manila on the Sherman. A shipment of 289 mules and two horses has arrived at the presidio from St. Asaph, Va. They were cared for on the trip by a party of young business men from Middletown, N. Y., who offered their services to the quartermaster and were hired for the trip. These amateur hostlers will return home in a Pullman.

Students Suspended.

Alliance, O., Oct. 31.—Three students of Mount Union college were suspended yesterday for participating in a midnight demonstration, when a crowd of students, clad in night robes, entered the ladies' dormitory and pushed the president's cow into an upper hall, where they tethered it. Yesterday about 175 students met on the college campus and decided to go on strike pending reinstatement of the suspended men. The faculty, however, remain firm in their decision.

Christmas Presents for Soldiers.

Washington, Oct. 31.—Although the quartermaster's department of the army will forward all Christmas packages intended for soldiers in the Philippines, it is not encouraging such shipments for the reason that unless the law is changed a large majority of the troops in that country will be on their way home by the Christmas holidays or soon thereafter.

Violations of Civil Service Law.

Washington, Oct. 31.—The civil service commission has just completed investigations of charges of violations of civil service law, mostly of political assessments and coercion, against federal officials, whose names are withheld, in Philadelphia, Louisville, Ky., Cincinnati, Toledo, Kan., Birmingham, Ala., Jersey City and in Iowa.

Probable Collapse of Movement to Mexico.

Washington, Oct. 31.—The probable collapse of the movement that has threatened to result in the removal of Shawnee, Delaware and other Indian bands to Mexico is announced in a report received at the interior department from Assistant Special Agent Bentley, telling of the death of two Indian chiefs who led in the project.

Hopful of Cuba's Commercial Outlook.

London, Oct. 21.—The first annual meeting of the stockholders of the Cuban Central railroad was held here Tuesday and a 15 per cent dividend was declared on preferred stock. President Todd expressed complete satisfaction with the American management of Cuba and said he was convinced the commercial outlook for the island was hopeful.

MANY LIVES SNUFFED OUT.

A Terrific Explosion Wrecks Buildings in Heart of Gotham.

Fire in a Drug House Started the Trembling—Surrounding Buildings Damaged by Forces of Explosion—Death List May Reach Two Score.

New York, Oct. 30.—As the result of a small fire, several successive explosions of chemicals occurred in the drug store at Warren and Greenwich streets yesterday, and blew down a dozen buildings and badly damaged a score of others. The loss of life is not known, but from all sources of information it is gathered that there are perhaps the bodies of 30 persons in the ruins, though because of the hot debris and the slowness of the moving of it, no body had been removed up to midnight.

The disaster was one of the most terrible that has ever occurred in this city and rivals the Windsor hotel fire in its appalling results, though in loss of property it will be worse. Chief Croker, of the fire department, said last night that the loss is fully \$1,500,000. The action of the tremendous catastrophe was more vivid and awful than the city has seen for a long time. Buildings fell in on themselves or toppled over on others, iron girders were thrown yards away, smashing through great walls; whole structures fell into the streets in piles, so that the line of thoroughfares could not be marked out; huge splinters of iron, steel and wood were flung into the streets and into the buildings, clean through the walls, where they buried women and men; horses were thrown down, wagons, windows, store fronts and all sorts of property for blocks in every direction were wrecked and damaged.

There are 35 persons reported missing and 100 men, women and children are on the list of the injured. Search for bodies was going on all night. Chief Croker said that no firemen had perished in the fire, all his men having been accounted for.

BOERS SHOW ACTIVITY.

Statement That There Are 15,000 Boers Afield—Krugers to Winter in Nice—Herdng Young Boers.

London, Oct. 30.—The war office has received the following from Lord Roberts, dated Pretoria, October 28: "Knox successfully engaged Dr. Wet October 27. During the Boer retreat Knox caught Dr. Wet in the Rensburg drift. The Boers lost considerably and left two guns and three wagons in Knox's hands. Another ammunition wagon was blown up by a shell. The British casualties were nil.

The Jacobabad affair was due to the treachery of the inhabitants, who admitted the Boers to their houses at night. They opened fire at daybreak. Fourteen men were killed and 13 were wounded, mostly Cape Highlanders. Troops dispatched from the Modder river drove off the Boers. The houses of the treacherous inhabitants were destroyed. Commandant Erasmus was killed. Lord Roberts calls attention to the "increasing inclination of the better class of Boers to co-operate with the British to secure peace" since they find guerrilla warfare is "visited with heavy punishment."

Herdng Young Boers.

Bloemfontein, Oct. 26.—The telegraph lines are still interrupted and mails delayed owing to the Boers deterring a train ten miles south of Edenburg. All Boers over 14 years of age living outside a radius of ten miles from Bloemfontein are being surrounded by British troops and brought here to prevent others from joining the commandos.

Fifteen Thousand Boers Afield.

London, Oct. 30.—According to a dispatch from Cape Town the Boers have 15,000 men in the field, nearly half of whom are in Orange River colony. These are divided into commandos of some 300 each.

Krugers to Winter in Nice.

Paris, Oct. 27.—Dr. Leyds, the Transvaal agent, says that as President Kruger is an old man and not accustomed to a cold climate, he is likely to sojourn at Nice for several months.

LEE GOES TO OMAHA.

President McKinley Places Ex-Confederate in Command of Department of the Missouri—Otis Assigned to Chicago.

Washington, Oct. 30.—An order was issued Monday by direction of the president discontinuing the Division of Cuba and the Eastern and Western departments of that division and establishing the Department of Cuba. Gen. Leonard Wood is placed in command of the new department. Gen. Fitzhugh Lee is ordered to command the Department of Missouri, with headquarters at Omaha. Gen. Elwell S. Otis has been ordered to Chicago to command the Department of the Lakes.

Terrible Wreck in Montana.

Helena, Mont., Oct. 30.—The east-bound Northern Pacific passenger train was wrecked eight miles east of Livingston, Mont., about midnight by a broken rail. Seven persons were killed and 21 wounded. Among the badly injured was Sheriff Hubbard, of Yellowstone county, whose legs were cut off.

SENSATIONAL AFFIDAVIT.

Finley Anderson, a Leading Witness for the State in the Goebel Assassination Case, Confesses to Forgery.

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